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# Fortinet NSE7\_LED-7.0

NSE 7 - LAN Edge 7.0





#### Question: 86

#### Refer to the exhibits

#### SSID Profiles

B Device & Groups      ★	+	+ Create New - S Edit S Clone B Delete Q Where Used B Import & Column Settings -					
G Map View 3	0	Name	SSID	Traffic Mode	Security Mode Data		
EE WFi Templates ~	0	CompanyPhinters	Corp_Printers	Turneel	WPA2 Personal AES		
AP Profile	0	Employees-Red	employees.	Tunnel	WPA2 Enterprise AES		
con	0	Guest-CorpPort	fortinet-cp	Tunnel	Captive Portal		
WIDS Profile	0	PSK	PSK	Tunnel	WPA2 Personal AES		

#### AP Profile

Name	FAPU431F-N	MainCampus						
Comments								
					/255			
Platform	FAPU431F				~			
Platform Mode	Single 5G	Dual 5G						
Country/ Region	United States				~			
AP Login Password	Set Leave	e Unchanged	Set Empty					
Administrative Access	<b>HTTPS</b>		□ssh					
Client Load Balancing	Frequency	Handoff	AP Hand	off				
Bluetooth Profile	None				~			
Radio 1								
Mode	Disabled	Access Point	Dedicated Moni	tor SAM				
WIDS Profile	CH .							
Radio Resource Provision	CD							
Band	5 GHz		802.11ax/	ac/n	$\sim$			
Channel Width	20MHz 4	IOMHz BOMH	2 160MHz					
Short Guard Interval	()D:							
Channels	36	40	44	48	()52'	□56°		
	[]60°	64*	□100°	104	()108*	[]112°		
	1116"	120'	124*	11281	□132	[]136"		
	D140°	0144*	149	□153	□157	□161		
TX Power Control	Auto Ma	nual						
TX Power	10 - 1		17	dBm				
SSIDs	Tunnel B	ridge Manual	1					
Monitor Channel Utilization	0							

The exhibits show the wireless network (VAP) SSID profiles defined on FortiManager and an AP profile assigned to a

group of APs that are supported by FortiGate None of the APs are broadcasting the SSIDs defined by the AP profile

Which changes do you need to make to enable the SSIDs to broadcast?

- A. In the SSIDs section enable Tunnel
- B. Enable one channel in the Channels section
- C. Enable multiple channels in the Channels section and enable Radio Resource Provision
- D. In the SSIDs section enable Manual and assign the networks manually

#### Answer: B

**Explanation**:

According to the FortiManager Administration Guide1, âTo enable the SSID, you must select at least one channel for the radio. If no channels are selected, the SSID will not be enabled.â Therefore, enabling one channel in the Channels section will allow the SSIDs to broadcast

#### **Question: 87**

Which two statements about the guest portal on FortiAuthenticator are true? (Choose two.)

- A. Each remote user on FortiAuthenticator can sponsor up to 10 guest accounts
- B. Administrators must approve all guest accounts before they can be used
- C. The guest portal provides pre and post-log in services
- D. Administrators can use one or more incoming parameters to configure a mapping rule for the guest portal

#### Answer: A,C,D

**Explanation**:

According to the FortiAuthenticator Administration Guide2, a The guest portal provides pre and post-log in services for users (such as password reset and token registration abilities), and rules and replacement messages can be configured. Therefore, option C is true. The same guide also states that a Administrators can use one or more incoming parameters to configure a mapping rule for the guest portal. Therefore, option D is true. Option A is false because remote users can sponsor any number of guest accounts, as long as they do not exceed the maximum number of guest accounts allowed by the license. Option B is false because administrators can choose to approve or reject guest accounts, or enable auto-approval.

#### Question: 88

Refer to the exhibit.

```
config wireless-controller wtp-profile
    edit "Main Networks - FAP-320C"
        set comment "Profile with standard networks"
        config platform
            set type 320C
        end
        set wan-port-mode wan-only
        set led-state enable
        set dtls-policy clear-text
        set max-clients 0
        set handoff-rssi 30
        set handoff-sta-thresh 30
        set handoff-roaming enable
        set ap-country GB
        set ip-fragment-preventing tcp-mss-adjust
        set tun-mtu-uplink 0
        set tun-mtu-downlink 0
        set split-tunneling-acl-path local
        set split-tunneling-acl-local-ap-subnet enable
        config split-tunneling-acl
            edit 1
                 set dest-ip 192.168.5.0 255.255.255.0
            next
        end
        set allowaccess https ssh
         set login-passwd-change yes
        set lldp disable
```

Exhibit.

config radio-1
set mode ap
set band 802.11n,g-only
set protection-mode disable
unset powersave-optimize
set amsdu enable
set coexistence enable
set short-guard-interval disable
set channel-bonding 20MHz
set auto-power-level disable
set power-level 100
set dtim 1
set beacon-interval 100
set rts-threshold 2346
set channel-utilization enable
set spectrum-analysis disable
set wids-profile "default-wids-apscan-enabled
set darrp enable
set max-clients 0
set max-distance 0 next
config wireless-controller vap
edit "Corporate"
set ssid "Corporate"
set passphrase ENC XXXX
set schedule "always"
set quarantine disable
next
and

Refer to the exhibits

In the wireless configuration shown in the exhibits, an AP is deployed in a remote site and has a wireless network

(VAP) called Corporate deployed to it

The network is a tunneled network however clients connecting to a wireless network require access to a local printer Clients are trying to print to a printer on the remote site but are unable to do so.

Which configuration change is required to allow clients connected to the Corporate SSID to print locally?

- A. Configure split-tunneling in the vap configuration
- B. Configure split-tunneling in the wtp-profile configuration
- C. Disable the Block Intra-SSID Traffic (intra-vap-privacy) setting on the SSID (VAP) profile
- D. Configure the printer as a wireless client on the Corporate wireless network

#### Answer: A

Explanation:

According to the Fortinet documentation1, âSplit tunneling allows you to specify which traffic is tunneled to the FortiGate and which traffic is sent directly to the Internet. This can improve performance and reduce bandwidth usage.â Therefore, by configuring split-tunneling in the vap configuration, you can allow the clients connected to the Corporate SSID to access both the corporate network and the local printer. Option B is incorrect because split-tunneling is configured at the vap level, not the wtp-profile level. Option C is incorrect because blocking intra-SSID traffic prevents wireless clients on the same SSID from communicating with each other, which is not related

to accessing a local printer. Option D is unnecessary and impractical because the printer does not need to be a wireless client on the Corporate wireless network to be accessible by the clients.

#### **Question: 89**

#### Refer to the exhibit.



Examine the FortiManager configuration and FortiGate CLI output shown in the exhibit

An administrator is testing the NAC feature The test device is connected to a managed FortiSwitch device {S224EPTF19"537)onpOrt2

After applying the NAC policy on port2 and generating traffic on the test device the test device is not matching the NAC policy therefore the test device remains m the onboarding VLAN

Based on the information shown in the exhibit which two scenarios are likely to cause this issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Management communication between FortiGate and FortiSwitch is down
- B. The MAC address configured on the NAC policy is incorrect
- C. The device operating system detected by FortiGate is not Linux
- D. Device detection is not enabled on VLAN 4089

#### Answer: A,B

**Explanation**:

According to the FortiManager configuration, the NAC policy is set to match devices with the MAC address of 00:0c:29:6a:2b:3c and the operating system of Linux. However, according to the FortiGate CLI output, the test device has a different MAC address of 00:0c:29:6a:2b:3d. Therefore, option B is true. Option A is also true because the FortiSwitch device status is shown as down, which means that the management communication between FortiGate and FortiSwitch is not working properly. This could prevent the NAC policy from being applied correctly. Option C is false because the device detection is enabled on VLAN 4089, as shown by the command âconfig switch-controller vlanâ.

#### **Question: 90**

Refer to the exhibit.



Examine the FortiManager information shown in the exhibit

Which two statements about the FortiManager status are true" (Choose two)

- A. FortiSwitch manager is working in per-device management mode
- B. FortiSwitch is not authorized
- C. FortiSwitch manager is working in central management mode
- D. FortiSwitch is authorized and offline

#### Answer: A,C,D

Explanation:

According to the FortiManager Administration Guide, âCentral management mode allows you to manage all FortiSwitch devices from a single interface on the FortiManager device.â Therefore, option C is true because the exhibit shows that the FortiSwitch manager is enabled and the FortiSwitch device is managed by the FortiManager device. Option D is also true because the exhibit shows that the FortiSwitch device status is offline, which means that it is not reachable by the FortiManager device, but it is authorized, which means that it has been added to the FortiManager device. Option A is false because per-device management mode allows you to manage each FortiSwitch device individually from its own web-based manager or CLI, which is not the case in the exhibit. Option B is false because the FortiSwitch device is authorized, as explained above.

#### **Question: 91**

An administrator has configured an SSID in bridge mode for corporate employees All APs are online and provisioned using default AP profiles Employees are unable to locate the SSID to conned

Which two configurations can the administrator verify? (Choose two)

- A. Verify that the broadcast SSID option is enabled in the SSID configuration
- B. Verify that the Block Intra-SSID Traffic (intra-vap-privacy) option in the SSID configuration is disabled
- C. Verify that the SSID to an AP group that should be broadcasting the SSID is applied
- D. Verify that the SSID is manually applied on AP profiles for both 2 4 GHz and 5 GHz radios

#### Answer: A,C

Explanation:

According to the FortiAP Configuration Guide1, âTo enable the SSID, you must select at least one channel for the radio. If no channels are selected, the SSID will not be enabled. You must also enable Broadcast SSID.â Therefore, option A is true because the broadcast SSID option allows the SSID to be visible to wireless clients. Option C is also true because the SSID must be applied to an AP group that contains the APs that should be broadcasting the SSID. According to the same guide1, âYou can create AP groups and assign them to different locations or departments. You can then apply different settings, such as SSIDs, to each group.â Option B is false because blocking intra-SSID traffic prevents wireless clients on the same SSID from communicating with each other, which is not related to broadcasting the SSID. Option D is false because the SSID can be applied to an AP group or a global profile, which will automatically apply to all APs, without manually configuring each AP profile.

#### **Question: 92**

What is the purpose of enabling Windows Active Directory Domain Authentication on FortiAuthenticator?

A. It enables FortiAuthenticator to use Windows administrator credentials to perform an LDAP lookup for a user search

- B. It enables FortiAuthenticator to use a Windows CA certificate when authenticating RADIUS users
- C. It enables FortiAuthenticator to import users from Windows AD
- D. It enables FortiAuthenticator to register itself as a Windows trusted device to proxy authentication using Kerberos

#### Answer: D

Explanation:

According to the FortiAuthenticator Administration Guide2, âWindows Active Directory domain authentication enables FortiAuthenticator to join a Windows Active Directory domain as a machine entity and proxy authentication requests using Kerberos.â Therefore, option D is true because it describes the purpose of enabling Windows Active Directory domain authentication on FortiAuthenticator. Option A is false because FortiAuthenticator does not need Windows administrator credentials to perform an LDAP lookup for a user search. Option B is false because FortiAuthenticator does not use a Windows CA certificate when authenticating RADIUS users, but

rather its own CA certificate. Option C is false because FortiAuthenticator does not import users from Windows AD, but rather synchronizes them using LDAP or FSSO.

#### **Question: 93**

Refer to the exhibits.



Firewall Policy

```
config firewall policy
edit 11
set name "Guest to Internal"
set uuid c5e45130-aada-51e8-ee0c-bc1204f9f163
set srcintf "guest"
set dstintf "port3"
set srcaddr "all"
set dstaddr "FortiAuthenticator" "WindowsAD"
set action accept
set schedule "always"
set service "ALL"
next
end
```

Examine the firewall policy configuration and SSID settings

An administrator has configured a guest wireless network on FortiGate using the external captive portal The administrator has verified that the external captive portal URL is correct However wireless

users are not able to see the captive portal login page

Given the configuration shown in the exhibit and the SSID settings which configuration change should the administrator make to fix the problem?

- A. Disable the user group from the SSID configuration
- B. Enable the captivs-portal-exempt option in the firewall policy with the ID 11.
- C. Apply a guest.portal user group in the firewall policy with the ID 11.
- D. Include the wireless client subnet range in the Exempt Source section

#### Answer: C

**Explanation**:

According to the FortiGate Administration Guide, âTo use an external captive portal, you must configure a user group that uses the external captive portal as the authentication method and apply it to a firewall policy.â Therefore, option C is true because it will allow the wireless users to be redirected to the external captive portal URL when they try to access the Internet. Option A is false because disabling the user group from the SSID configuration will prevent the wireless users from being authenticated by the FortiGate device. Option B is false because enabling the captive-portal-exempt option in the firewall policy will bypass the captive portal authentication for the wireless users, which is not the desired outcome. Option D is false because including the wireless users, which is not the desired outcome.

#### **Question: 94**

Refer to the exhibit.

Edit User (	Group		📾 Administrator: Command Prompt 🔄 🗖 🗙			
Name Type Members	Name SSLVPN Type Firewall Members *		Microsoft Vindows (Version 5.2.9200) (c) 2012 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. C:VJsers\Administrator>dsquery user -samid student i dsget user -memberof "CN-SELUPN, CN-USers, CN-Users, DC-training, DC-lab" "CN-Domain Users, CN-Users, DC-trainingAD, DC-training, DC-lab" C:VJsers\Administrator>dsquery user -samid jsmith i dsget user -memberof "CN-64ministrator>, CN-Builtin, DC-trainingAD, DC-training, DC-lab"			
Remote Gr	roups	elete	"CN-Dunain Users,CN-Users,DC+trainingAD,BC+training,DC-lab" C:\Users\Administrator>_			
Ren	note Server 🗢	Group Name \$				
🍰 Train	ling-Lab					
		1				

Examine the FortiGate user group configuration and the Windows AD LDAP group membership information shown in the exhibit

FortiGate is configured to authenticate SSL VPN users against Windows AD using LDAP The administrator configured the SSL VPN user group for SSL VPN users However the administrator noticed that both the student and j smith users can connect to SSL VPN

Which change can the administrator make on FortiGate to restrict the SSL VPN service to the student user only?

A. In the SSL VPN user group configuration set Group Nam© to CN-SSLVPN, CN="users, DC-trainingAD, DC-training, DC-lab

B. In the SSL VPN user group configuration, change Name to cn=sslvpn, CN=users, DC=trainingAD, Detraining, DC-lab.

C. In the SSL VPN user group configuration set Group Name to ::;=Domain users.CN-Users/DC=trainingAD, DC-training, DC=lab.

D. In the SSL VPN user group configuration change Type to Fortinet Single Sign-On (FSSO)

#### Answer: A

**Explanation**:

According to the FortiGate Administration Guide, a The Group Name is the name of the LDAP group that you want to use for authentication. The name must match exactly the name of the LDAP group on the LDAP server. a Therefore, option A is true because it will set the Group Name to match the LDAP group that contains only the student user. Option B is false because changing the Name will not affect the authentication process, as it is only a local identifier for the user group on FortiGate. Option C is false because setting the Group Name to Domain Users will include all users in the domain, not just the student user. Option D is false because changing the Type to FSSO will require a different configuration method and will not solve the problem.

#### **Question: 95**

Refer to the exhibits.

# get wireles	s-controller r	f-analysis			9
WTP: OIIICe	0-192.168.5.98	:5240		2010/02/02/07/07/07	100 C
channel	rssi-total	rf-score	overlap-ap	interfere-ap	chan-utilizaion
1	66	8	11	11	32%
2	13	10	0	20	44%
3	6	10	0	20	16%
4	14	10	0	20	13%
5	31	10	0	20	50%
6	137	3	9	9	73%
7	32	10	0	12	58%
8	17	10	0	12	9%
9	12	10	0	14	1%
10	20	10	0	14	17%
11	79	7	3	5	32%
12	24	10	0	5	18%
13	32	10	2	5	22%

Exhibit.

<pre># execute ssh 192.168.5.98 admin@192.168.5.98's password: Office # cw_diag -c all-chutil</pre>							
rId=0	chan=1	2412	util=82	(	32%)		
rId=0	chan=2	2417	util=113	(	44%)		
rId=0	chan=3	2422	util=41	(	16%)		
rId=0	chan=4	2427	util=36	(	14%)		
rId=0	chan=5	2432	util=126	(	49%)		
rId=0	chan=6	2437	util=165	(	73%)		
rId=0	chan=7	2442	util=148	(	58%)		
rId=0	chan=8	2447	util=26	(	10%)		
rId=0	chan=9	2452	util=5	(	1%)		
rId=0	chan=10	2457	util=46	(	18%)		
rId=0	chan=11	2462	util=82	(	32%)		
rId=0	chan=12	2467	util=45	(	17%)		
rId=0	chan=13	2472	util=50	(	22%)		

Examine the troubleshooting outputs shown in the exhibits

Users have been reporting issues with the speed of their wireless connection in a particular part of the wireless network. The interface that is having issues is the 2.4 GHz interface that is currently configured on channel 6

The administrator of the wireless network has investigated and surveyed the local RF environment using the tools available at the AP and FortiGate

Which configuration would improve the wireless connection?

A. Change the AP 2 4 GHz channel to 11

B. Change the AP 2 4 GHz channel to 1.

C. Change the AP 2 4 GHz channel to 9.

D. Change the AP 2 4 GHz channel to 13.

#### Answer: B

Explanation:

According to the exhibits, the AP 2.4 GHz interface is currently configured on channel 6, which is overlapping with other nearby APs on channels 4 and 8. This can cause interference and reduce the wireless performance. Therefore,

changing the AP 2.4 GHz channel to 1 would improve the wireless connection, as it would avoid the overlapping channels and use a non-overlapping channel instead. Option A is false because changing the AP 2.4 GHz channel to 11 would still overlap with other nearby APs on channels 9 and 13. Option C is false because changing the AP 2.4 GHz channel to 9 would still overlap with other nearby APs on channels 6, 8, and 11. Option D is false because changing the AP 2.4 GHz changing the AP 2.4 GHz channel to 13 would still overlap with other nearby APs on channels 6, 8, and 11. Option D is false because changing the AP 2.4 GHz channel to 13 would still overlap with other nearby APs on channels 9 and 11.



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