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**HashiCorp**

# TA-002-P

*HashiCorp Certified: Terraform Associate 2025*



**Question: 277**

What is the default backend for Terraform?

- A. consul
- B. gcs
- C. local
- D. etcd

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

By default, Terraform uses the "local" backend, which is the normal behavior of Terraform you're used to.

<https://www.terraform.io/docs/backends/index.html>

**Question: 278**

What is the default backend for Terraform?

- A. consul
- B. gcs
- C. local
- D. etcd

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

By default, Terraform uses the "local" backend, which is the normal behavior of Terraform you're used to.

<https://www.terraform.io/docs/backends/index.html>

**Question: 279**

Please identify the offerings which are unique to Terraform Enterprise, and not available in either Terraform OSS, or Terraform Cloud. Select four.

- A. Audit Logs
- B. Private Network Connectivity
- C. VCS Integration
- D. Sentinel
- E. Clustering

**Answer: A,B,E**

Explanation:

<https://www.hashicorp.com/products/terraform/pricing/>

**Question: 280**

Terraform variables and outputs that set the "description" argument will store that description in the state file.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.terraform.io/docs/language/values/outputs.html>

### Question: 281

A provider configuration block is required in every Terraform configuration.

Example:

```
provider "provider_name" {  
  ...  
}
```

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Reference: <https://github.com/hashicorp/terraform/issues/17928>

### Question: 282

Terraform providers are always installed from the Internet.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Terraform configurations must declare which providers they require, so that Terraform can install and use them.

Reference: <https://www.terraform.io/docs/language/providers/configuration.html>

### Question: 283

Where does the Terraform local backend store its state?

- A. In the /tmp directory
- B. In the terraform.tfvars file
- C. In the terraform.tfstate file
- D. In the user's .terraformrc file

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The local backend stores state on the local filesystem, locks that state using system APIs, and performs operations locally.

Reference: <https://www.terraform.io/docs/language/settings/backends/local.html>

### Question: 284

Which of the following command can be used to view the specified version constraints for all providers used in the current configuration.

- A. terraform providers
- B. terraform state show
- C. terraform provider
- D. terraform plan

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Use the terraform providers command to view the specified version constraints for all providers used in the current configuration.

<https://www.terraform.io/docs/configuration/providers.html>

### Question: 285

Which Terraform command will force a marked resource to be destroyed and recreated on the next apply?

- A. terraform fmt
- B. terraform destroy
- C. terraform taint
- D. terraform refresh

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The terraform taint command manually marks a Terraform-managed resource as tainted, forcing it to be destroyed and recreated on the next apply.

This command will not modify infrastructure, but does modify the state file in order to mark a resource as tainted. Once a resource is marked as tainted, the next plan will show that the resource will be destroyed and recreated and the next apply will implement this change. Forcing the recreation of a resource is useful when you want a certain side effect of recreation that is not visible in the attributes of a resource. For example: re-running provisioners will cause the node to be different or rebooting the machine from a base image will cause new startup scripts to run.

Note that tainting a resource for recreation may affect resources that depend on the newly tainted resource. For example, a DNS resource that uses the IP address of a server may need to be modified to reflect the potentially new IP address of a tainted server. The plan command will show this if this is the case.

<https://www.terraform.io/docs/commands/taint.html>

### Question: 286

If a module uses a local variable, you can expose that value with a terraform output.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Output values are like function return values.

Reference:

<https://www.terraform.io/docs/language/values/locals.html> <https://www.terraform.io/docs/language/values/outputs.html>

### Question: 287

Why would you use the terraform taint command?

- A. When you want to force Terraform to destroy a resource on the next apply
- B. When you want to force Terraform to destroy and recreate a resource on the next apply
- C. When you want Terraform to ignore a resource on the next apply
- D. When you want Terraform to destroy all the infrastructure in your workspace

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

The terraform taint command manually marks a Terraform-managed resource as tainted, forcing it to be destroyed and recreated on the next apply.

Reference: <https://www.terraform.io/docs/cli/commands/taint.html>

### Question: 288

When using a module block to reference a module stored on the public Terraform Module Registry such as:

```
module "consul" {  
  source = "hashicorp/consul/aws"  
}
```

How do you specify version 1.0.0?

- A. Modules stored on the public Terraform Module Registry do not support versioning
- B. Append ?ref=v1.0.0 argument to the source path
- C. Add version = "1.0.0" attribute to module block
- D. Nothing C modules stored on the public Terraform Module Registry always default to version 1.0.0

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.terraform.io/docs/language/modules/sources.html>

**Question: 289**

**Question: 290**

Which of the following is the correct way to pass the value in the variable num\_servers into a module with the input servers?

- A. servers = num\_servers
- B. servers = variable.num\_servers
- C. servers = var(num\_servers)
- D. servers = var.num\_servers

**Answer: A**

**Question: 291**

You have created 2 workspaces PROD and RQ

- A. You have switched to RQA and provisioned RQA infrastructure from this workspace. Where is your state file stored?
- B. terraform.tfstate.d
- C. terraform.d
- D. terraform.tfstate.RQA
- E. terraform.tfstate

**Answer: A**

**Question: 292**

Remove old peers from the CM's list.

**Answer: C**

**Question: 293**

By default, a defined provisioner is a creation-time provisioner.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

<https://www.terraform.io/docs/provisioners/index.html>

**Question: 294**

What is the default backend for Terraform?

- A. consul
- B. gcs
- C. local
- D. etcd

**Answer: C**



# SAMPLE QUESTIONS

*These questions are for demo purpose only. **Full version is up to date and contains actual questions and answers.***

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