



Up-to-date Practice Test with Latest Questions and Answers covering latest syllabus and topics of the exam. Makes you ready to face actual exam.



MCD-Level-2 Practice Questions
MCD-Level-2 Practice Test
MCD-Level-2 Practice Exam
MCD-Level-2 Exam Questions
MCD-Level-2 Study Guide



killexams.com

MuleSoft

MCD-Level-2

MuleSoft Certified Developer Level 2

ORDER FULL VERSION



<https://killexams.com/pass4sure/exam-detail/MCD-Level-2>

Question: 100

What is the purpose of the "Anypoint Exchange" in MuleSoft?

- A. It is used to perform database operations.
- B. It is a marketplace for discovering, sharing, and reusing APIs, connectors, and other assets.
- C. It is used to transform data.
- D. It is used to implement message routing.

Answer: B

Explanation: The "Anypoint Exchange" in MuleSoft is a platform and marketplace for discovering, sharing, and reusing APIs, connectors, and other assets. It provides a centralized repository where developers can publish and find APIs, connectors, templates, examples, and other resources. The Anypoint Exchange encourages collaboration and reusability by allowing users to share and consume assets, saving time and effort in application development.

Question: 101

Which of the following is a valid way to implement service orchestration in MuleSoft?

- A. Using the "Logger" component.
- B. Using the "Set Variable" component.
- C. Using the "Flow Reference" component.
- D. Using the "DataWeave" component.

Answer: C

Explanation: Service orchestration in MuleSoft can be implemented using the "Flow Reference" component. The Flow Reference component allows you to invoke and integrate other Mule flows within a parent flow. It enables you to modularize your application logic and reuse existing flows in a structured and organized manner. The Flow Reference component is commonly used for implementing service composition and coordinating multiple service invocations.

Question: 102

What is the purpose of the "Anypoint Monitoring" in MuleSoft?

- A. It is used to transform data.
- B. It is used to perform database operations.
- C. It is used to monitor and analyze the performance and health of MuleSoft applications.
- D. It is used to implement message routing.

Answer: C

Explanation: Anypoint Monitoring is a feature provided by MuleSoft that allows you to monitor and analyze the performance and health of MuleSoft

applications. It provides real-time visibility into application metrics, logs, and events, allowing you to monitor the behavior and performance of your applications. Anypoint Monitoring helps in identifying bottlenecks, troubleshooting issues, and optimizing the performance of your MuleSoft applications.

Question: 103

What is the purpose of the "Anypoint Runtime Manager" in MuleSoft?

- A. It is used to implement message routing.
- B. It is used to perform database operations.
- C. It is used to transform data.
- D. It is used to manage and monitor MuleSoft runtime environments and applications.

Answer: D

Explanation: The "Anypoint Runtime Manager" in MuleSoft is a management and monitoring tool used to manage and monitor MuleSoft runtime environments and applications. It provides a centralized console to deploy, control, and monitor MuleSoft applications across different environments. The Anypoint Runtime Manager allows you to manage application deployments, handle scaling and high availability, and monitor the performance and health of your MuleSoft runtime instances.

Question: 104

Which of the following components in MuleSoft is used for transforming data between different formats?

- A. Flow Reference component
- B. Logger component
- C. Transform Message component
- D. Choice component

Answer: C

Explanation: The Transform Message component in MuleSoft is used for transforming data between different formats. It allows you to apply data mapping, conversion, and manipulation operations to transform the structure and content of messages passing through the integration flows. The Transform Message component supports various data transformation techniques, including DataWeave transformations, which provide powerful capabilities for manipulating and converting data.

Question: 105

What is the purpose of the "On Error Continue" error handling strategy in MuleSoft?

- A. It retries the failed operation for a specified number of times.
- B. It stops the flow execution and returns an error response.
- C. It allows the flow to continue execution after encountering an error.
- D. It throws an exception and terminates the flow execution.

Answer: C

Explanation: The "On Error Continue" error handling strategy in MuleSoft allows the flow to continue execution after encountering an error. It provides a way to handle errors gracefully without halting the entire flow. With this strategy, MuleSoft continues processing the subsequent components and executes the error handling logic defined in the flow. It is useful in scenarios

where you want to capture and handle errors while allowing the flow to proceed with its normal execution.

Question: 106

Which of the following statements about MuleSoft connectors is true?

- A. Connectors are used for transforming data between different formats.
- B. Connectors provide reusable components for integrating with external systems and services.
- C. Connectors are used for implementing message routing in MuleSoft.
- D. Connectors are used for monitoring and analyzing the performance of MuleSoft applications.

Answer: B

Explanation: MuleSoft connectors provide reusable components for integrating with external systems and services. Connectors encapsulate the connectivity and interaction details of specific systems or protocols, enabling seamless integration with various endpoints. They offer pre-built operations and configurations to simplify the integration process and provide a standardized approach for interacting with external systems.

Question: 107

Which of the following is a valid way to implement request-reply communication pattern in MuleSoft?

- A. Using the "DataWeave" component.
- B. Using the "Set Variable" component.
- C. Using the "Logger" component.

D. Using the "Request" component.

Answer: D

Explanation: Request-reply communication pattern in MuleSoft can be implemented using the "Request" component. The Request component is used to send a request message to an external system or service and wait for a corresponding reply message. It allows you to invoke external operations and receive responses synchronously, enabling point-to-point communication between MuleSoft and other systems.

Question: 108

Which of the following is NOT a valid way to implement data transformation in MuleSoft?

- A. Using the "DataWeave" component.
- B. Using the "Choice" component.
- C. Using the "Transform Message" component.
- D. Using the "Set Payload" component.

Answer: B

Explanation: The "Choice" component in MuleSoft is not primarily used for data transformation. It is used for conditional routing and decision-making based on message content or properties. Data transformation in MuleSoft is commonly achieved using the "DataWeave" component, which provides powerful mapping and conversion capabilities for transforming data between different formats.

Question: 109

What is the purpose of the "Choice" component in MuleSoft?

- A. It is used to transform data.
- B. It is used to perform database operations.
- C. It is used for conditional routing and decision-making based on message content or properties.
- D. It is used to implement message routing.

Answer: C

Explanation: The "Choice" component in MuleSoft is used for conditional routing and decision-making based on message content or properties. It allows you to define multiple routes or branches within a flow and specify conditions for determining which route to take based on the content or characteristics of the message. The Choice component enables you to implement complex routing logic and handle different scenarios based on the evaluated conditions.

Question: 110

Which command is used to convert a JKS keystore to PKCS12?

- A. `Keytool-importkeystore Csrckeystore keystore p12-srcstoretype PKCS12 Cdestkeystore keystore.jks Cdeststoretype JKS`
- B. `Keytool-importkeystore Csrckeystore keystore p12-srcstoretype JKS Cdestkeystore keystore.p12 Cdeststoretype PKCS12`
- C. `Keytool-importkeystore Csrckeystore keystore jks-srcstoretype JKS Cdestkeystore keystore.p13 Cdeststoretype PKCS12`
- D. `Keytool-importkeystore Csrckeystore keystore jks-srcstoretype PKCS12 Cdestkeystore keystore.p12 Cdeststoretype JKS`

Answer: B

Explanation:

To convert a JKS keystore to PKCS12, the developer needs to use the `keytool-importkeystore` command with the following options: `-srckeystore keystore.jks -srcstoretype JKS -destkeystore keystore.p12 -deststoretype`

`PKCS12`. This command imports all entries from a source JKS keystore (`keystore.jks`) into a destination `PKCS12` keystore (`keystore.p12`).

References: <https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/11/tools/keytool.html#GUID-5990A2E4-78E3-47B7-AE75-6D18262595>

Question: 111

When a client and server are exchanging messages during the mTLS handshake, what is being agreed on during the cipher suite exchange?

- A. A protocol
- B. The TLS version
- C. An encryption algorithm
- D. The Public key format

Answer: C

Explanation:

A cipher suite is a set of cryptographic algorithms that are used to secure the communication between a client and a server. A cipher suite consists of four components: a key exchange algorithm, an authentication algorithm, an encryption algorithm, and a message authentication code (MAC) algorithm. During the cipher suite exchange, the client and the server agree on which encryption algorithm to use for encrypting and decrypting the data.

References: <https://docs.mulesoft.com/mule-runtime/4.3/tls-configuration#cipher-suites>

Killexams.com is a leading online platform specializing in high-quality certification exam preparation. Offering a robust suite of tools, including Exam Questions, practice tests, and advanced test engines, Killexams.com empowers candidates to excel in their certification exams. Discover the key features that make Killexams.com the go-to choice for exam success.



Practice Exam Questions Based on Current Exam Objectives

Killexams.com provides practice exam questions aligned with the latest official exam objectives and latest syllabus. Our content is reviewed and updated regularly to reflect recent changes announced by certification vendors. By studying these practice questions, candidates will cover the structure, difficulty level, and topics of the actual exam, helping them prepare more effectively and efficiently.

Comprehensive Practice Exams (PDF Format)

Killexams.com offers multiple-choice questions (MCQs) in easy-to-read PDF format, covering all major domains of the exam. Each PDF contains a structured collection of practice questions and verified answers designed to support focused study. These MCQs help candidates reinforce key concepts, identify knowledge gaps, and improve exam readiness through consistent practice.

Realistic Practice Tests (Online Test Engine & Desktop Test Engine)

To support hands-on preparation, Killexams.com provides practice tests through both an Online Test Engine and a Desktop Test Engine. These tools are designed to simulate a real exam environment, allowing candidates to practice under exam-like conditions, with latest syllabus and topics of the exam. Performance tracking, test history, and result analysis help users evaluate their progress and focus on areas that need improvement.

Risk-Free Purchase Policy

Killexams.com follows a transparent and customer-friendly purchase policy. If users are not satisfied with the study materials, they may request assistance or a refund in accordance with our published terms and conditions. This policy reflects our commitment to customer satisfaction, fairness, and confidence in our preparation resources.

Regularly Updated Content

Our practice question bank is reviewed and updated on an ongoing basis to stay aligned with the latest exam outlines and vendor updates. This ensures candidates are studying up-to-date, relevant material, and preparing with content that reflects current exam expectations, helping them stay confident and well-prepared.